

Ending Fraud in CD3

Nearly a billion dollars has walked out the door of Minnesota's autism, disability, and adult day-care programs. Kelly Morrison has offered no plan to stop it. Here is mine.

Why I Understand This Fight

For years I ran At Home Fitness, a program that put kids on Developmental Disability (DD) waivers through structured, accountable workout programs, paid through providers like ACCRA. I built that client base myself — through ads and marketing — and got paid only when I actually showed up and delivered the service, one client at a time. That is the model taxpayer-funded care should follow.

The Resolution: Fund It Like a Loan, Not a Blank Check

- 01

Two Years of Proven Operation
Before any organization receives taxpayer funding, it must show two years of tax returns proving it can run at a profit — or two years of documented, self-funded operation actually serving its clients. No track record, no funding.
- 02

Full Underwriting, Like a Real Loan
Credit history, a verified physical location, and a real client roster — checked, not self-reported. If a bank wouldn't lend on these numbers, taxpayers shouldn't either.
- 03

Funding Capped to Match Verified Revenue
No more organizations pulling \$1.2 million a year with a padded \$1.3 million budget built to manufacture a loss. Funding should scale with what's actually earned.
- 04

Surprise Site Visits, Every Time
If a program bills for clients on-site, there need to be clients on-site when an inspector walks in — not an empty building and an excuse.
- 05

A Dedicated Fraud Investigation Team for CD3
Working directly with the MN DHS Office of Inspector General and the Attorney General's Medicaid Fraud Control Unit to identify providers billing for services they never deliver, and refer them for enforcement.

Meanwhile, In Washington

\$41M	Kelly Morrison's estimated personal net worth — the 34th highest in Congress (<i>Quiver Quantitative disclosures, 2026</i>).
Saronic	Purchased a stake in a defense contractor building autonomous naval attack vessels — called a "pretty clear conflict of interest" by a government watchdog (<i>NOTUS, 2026</i>).
Voted No	One of 159 House Democrats who voted against the Laken Riley Act (<i>U.S. House Clerk, Roll Call 23, 119th Congress</i>).

Minnesota deserves a congressman who's actually run a business — not one who's silent on where your tax dollars go.

Paid for by Bass for Congress · bassforcongress.com